# Two Immigration Companies' Claims.

## THE NEWS OF THE **COURTS OF HAWAII**

The former company makes a claim action. against the bankrupt and insolvent sugar company for money due for furnishing Japanese male and female laborers at specified rates which money was to be returned to the immigration company in monthly installments extending over a period of three years.

States District Court in the forenoon and involves a sum amounting to \$2,000. The other suit was filed in the Circuit The other suit was filed in the circuit to Court late in the afternoon by the Japan Immigration Company and is stylpan Immigration Company in The plaintiff upon instructions from J. M. Monsarrat, ed "a bill of discovery." The plaintiff seeks to recover about \$3,500 and requests the court to demand that the books, papers and officers' memoran-dums relating to the affairs of the books, papers and officers' memoran-dums relating to the affairs of the bankrupt plantation be brought into day on the calendar—jury waived. open court for examination as to who quent assessments.

Lorrin Andrews, attorney for the Jathat the Maunalei plantation has been at all times an Hawaiian corporation organized for the culture and export of sugar cane. The company sets forth that the defendant corporation entered into an agreement with the plaintiff whereby for a valuable consideration pan Immigration Company, sets forth whereby for a valuable consideration it agreed to pay to the immigration company the sum of \$462.15 and the fur-

It is further shown in the bill "that upon information and belief the defendant corporation is hopelessly insolvent and bankrupt and is wholly unable to pay and satisfy the amount due, and your orator alleges that the whole capital stock has not been paid in, and that the capital is insufficient to satisfy the claims of its creditors and that a number of the stockholders of the delinement in their navments, but their names are unknown to your orator.

Your orator further says that the corporation has made and is making no effort to collect the money due from their delinquent stockholders to pay its creditors therewith.

The acts of the corporation tend to the manifest injury of your orator and are plainly contrary to equity or adequate remedy except in a court equity. Your orator further shows that without the discovery and examination of the books and officers of the said corporation your orator is unable to find who are the delinquent stockholders and what amounts they owe the corporation and to proceed to enforce its claims against the defendant corporaporation be summoned to appear and produce the books of the corporation that the officers make a full and true discovery of the affairs of the plan-

MAUNALEI IN ESTEE'S COURT.

In the United States District Court, S. Horiyea, S. Kuruse, C. Salto and S. Ozaki (doing business under the name of the Tokio Immigration Company, Limited) have brought suit against the Maunalei Sugar Company for \$1.497 with interest from May 22, 1899, for damages re-sulting to them in that defendant, actand become bound by a certain contract fieldly notified by his department of the following is Stevens' statement of the incidents leading up to the afand agreement between the Tokio Immi-gration Company, The plaintiffs agreed to import for the Maunalet plantation in able-bodied male and female Jap laborers, with 25 per cent of them females, within two months of the signing of the within two months of the signing of the contract. The defendant company in return agreed to pay to the said plaintiffs as compensation for the cost of transportation and for all other expenses up to the time of arrival of the laborers at Honolulu, the sum of \$15 for each male laborer so imported and accepted, and the sum of \$25 for each female laborer. Such sums were to be repaid at the rate of \$1.50 per month for the males and \$1.50 per month for the males and \$1.50 per month for the females, up- and \$1.50 per month for the females. and \$1.05 per month for the females, un til at the end of three years or until the whole amounts of \$30 and \$30 respect. ively were repaid for each laborer so imported and accepted. The plaintiffs delivered 190 males and fourteen females, who were accepted by the company. For son on December 1, when the census a long time, or since March, 1998, no payment of the said monthly installments have been made by the defendance. there is now owing \$1.407 as principal, and be wrote to describe the now owing \$1.407 as principal, Principal, principal to the intelligence for is to be septise ten months from April 1, 1800, to is to be septished to part has per been paid.

For a further and distinct makes of according to describe the part of the pales.

MAUNALEI

sum of \$525, with interest from December 16, 1899, for damages resulting to them in an agreement to take 100 more Japanese males and not to exceed 25 per cent females, for which the defendant promised to pay \$27 for each male and \$23 for each female laborer. The laborers were imported, furnished and accepted, but there is still owing on this agreement \$535 and interest. The action is brought by the plaintiffs over the signature of S. Kobayashi.

THE GRIEVANCE OF COOK.

THE GRIEVANCE OF COOK. When John Cock entered into an agreement with E Coit Hobron just two years ago to purchase certain inside lots of land belonging to the latter in Kapa-lama, it was with the express under-standing that the original owner lay a good road and conduct fresh water in suitable pipes thereto, and give him ad-vantages and comforts which residents lying on main thoroughfares receive. Mr. Cook desired to erect a residence for himself and family on these lots, and promised to buy them if Mr. Hobron would make the necessary improvements and give him easy access to the street, E. Coit Hobron faithfully promised to be the before August 18 18 The Life to the before August 18 18 The Life do this before August 1st, 1828. The lots were then purchased and the buyer erected and completed a large and cost; John Cook Wants Coin From E.
Coit Hobron--Bankruptcy
Action Interfered.

Maunalei Plantation Company
both in the United States and in the Territorial courts by the Tokio Immigration Company. Limited, and the Japan Immigration Company. Limited, and the Japan Immigration Company. Limited, and the Japan Immigration Company makes a claim

Herected and completed a large and cost y wooden building at an expense to himself of £200, which was ready for occupancy on November 1, 1820, but Hebron, so Cook sity, failed to perform his part of the "greement and has absolutely neglected and refused to build the road and lay water pipes and conduct fresh water for his use, whereby, Mr. Cook states emphatically, that by reason of Hoover the is unable to occupy the maision. The house stands solilary and empty and cannot even be rented.
Cook has brought suit in the Circuit Court against Hobron for damages in the office of that paper on Merchant street. One shot was fired by Gill from a 38-calibre revolver and the ball en-

BANKRUPTCY ACTION INTER-

FERED. The execution issued from the Circuit Court against the property of J. A. But-terfield for \$62 on proceedings instituted company in monthly installments exempled for the court with the following notation endorsed thereon by High Sheriff Brown:

"After attaching and official of the court with the following notation endorsed thereon by High Sheriff Brown:
"After attaching and official of the court with the following notation endorsed thereon by High Sheriff Brown: "After attaching and offering for sale the property of the within named J. A. Butterfield, bankruptcy proceedings in the United States District Court of the United States District Court of the attorney for plaintiff, is returned unsatisfied this 6th day of February, 1991."

COURT NOTES.

Hearing on the demurrer in Wong But BE CAREFUL HOW

Hearing on demurrer in Emma M. Na-kuina vs. Fanny Strauch was heard and the same overruled and defendant given

has been filed.

The first and final account of the Ha-

# RETURNING FROM

the Orient Seeking Hawaii Again.

Former Japanese residents of Honolulu and of the Hawaiian Islands in general are expected to return from the Orient by dozens. It is anticipated that great numbers will arrive on the next steamer and return to their vonext steamer and return to their yo-cations which were disturbed when the The Republican really cannot see the Boxer trouble broke out in China. The young men of the city devote their unui-pearance, cause of the interruption in their work bere was caused by orders from the Mainland of whom they have but little cell 6, w

the Japanese soldiers in Hawaii drop-ped their various classes of labor and their time, for the ladies are all three

### Not Officially Notified.

The recent opinion by Attorney Generopinion. Chinese will be treated as under the Treasury Department ruling made some time ago, and which denies that Chinese who were Hawatian citizens be fore annexation became citizens of the United States by virtue of the Organic

be sent to San Francisco for inspection. until as previously.

was taken, and he filled up his own card. Under the heading "profession he wrote "German Emperor, King of Prussta. The card was framed and is to be kept in the municipal archives of the palace, white a certified copy of It has been made and sent in with the

# SHOOTS A MAN.

## E. S. Gill Tries To Kill Reporter Stevens.

### PUTS A BULLET IN LATTER'S BODY

a 38-calibre revolver and the ball entered Stevens' leg just above the left hip and is still in the wound, as the doctors could not find it by probing. Unless unlooked for results follow the search for the bullet this morning Stevens will recover. Gill gave himself up at the police station about ten minutes

bail of \$1,000 after being charged on the prison books with assault and battery with a deadly weapon.

The shooting was the outcome of an article and editorial in yesterday's Republican which reflected on the character of women friends of Stevens. The article and the editorial were as fol-

YE ENTERVAIN STRANGERS.

Especially When The Strangers Young Lades Betrothed to Others Far Away Wno Trust Them.

of making goo-goo eyes, it does not sig-nify that the aforesaid young men are

Now it has come to pass that there are it agreed to pay to the immigration company the sum of \$462.15 and the further sum of \$1.25 for each Japanese man, and \$1.05 for each woman, per month, furnished to the plantation from July 1, 1990, to October 1, 1892, no payments being required until December 1, 1990, when the said sum of \$4.25.15 and the linear payments due from July to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant. On July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by the defendant on July 10, 1900, to December, 1900, were to be paid by certain young ladies sojourning within the gates of Honoiulu who have made a tions announcing the young lady's mar-riage to a wealthy young Angeleno. And the gentleman in the land of sunshine, fruit and tourists fondly thinks that his beloved is behaving as demurely as a WAR IN CHINA Soon-to-be-married young lady should.

The fair ones, when middly reproached to their actions, put up such an innocent front that their would-be censors of the control of th

Japanese Who Went Back To bave not the heart to criticize them. A word of advice might not be out of place, in passing, to the demosely. It is the can." When talking over your plans, g.rls, don't sit on the front plazza of your caravansary and deliberately make your pans such a tone of voice that everyone ly what you intend trying to do,

military department calling upon them knowledge. At one of the hotels there to return to their native land and serve their country's cause in China.

Trained to obey orders of this kind, and accomplished, but the young men the Japanese soldiers in Hawaii drop, who swarm about them are wasting their various classes of labor and hastened to Japan as fast as the steamers could plough their way across the Pacific. Letters received from numbers of these conscripts state that they have served in the Japanese armies in the advance upon Peking and performed garrison duty in many cities in the Chinese Empire and were about to be discharged from further service. As soon as they could procure their discharges they stated they intended returning immediately to Hawaii, where more money and more satisfactory living were to be obtained than in their own country.

The charge against Gill as it appears upon the police record book is:

"E. S. Gill, assault and battery with a deadly weapon upon Mortimer I. Stevens."

An officer was sent to the Republication and bail was fixed at \$1000. Johnson gave the grieve Company's check for that amount and Gill was liberated.

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of the incidents leading up to the af-fray as dictated by him at the Queen's spital an hour after he had been shot and when he did not know but that he might die from his injury:

I called upon Mr. Gill, city editor of the Republican, in reference to an ar-ticle which appeared to that paper yesterday morning, believing that he was going to follow up the story with more defamatory statements against the character of innocent paragainst the character of innocent parties. I left the office of the Advertiser at about 8 o'clock p. m. tast evening, determined to keep my tempor during my proposed interview with Mr. Gill. As I entered his office. In reply to my inquiry for the dist editor, Mr. Gill came from his cha'r and introduced himself.

I told him that I understood that he was intending to put another are

I told him that I understood that he was intending to put aboling article in the paper this morning, and asked him, as a newspaper man, to answer if he thought it was called for. He raples in substance that he considered the article a good I he are said he could see nothing chicaton table in the article. I asked him that if his mostler, wife or since were yielding the a strange filty and some

newspaper published a similar article oncerning them, if he would then one our it a joke. The low character of the man then appeared when he replied that he did hit care what any the said about them.

his bad sealed himsel at his desk by this time and was nervously hand-ling papers, and it was not so much what he said but the positive inso-lence in his bearing, when I asked him once more if he would permit the matter to drop where it was and him once more if he would permit the matter to drop where it was and be content with the injury already done. He continued to evade my questions and when pressed for an answer replied that he would publish what he saw fit and now that there was so much being said concerning the alieged "joke" that he was in-cilined to televe that the article and the Insintations contained therein were well deserved. Owing to the fact that one of the ladies mentioned and myself had been born and raised in the same city and spent much of in the same city and spent much of our chalunoed together and the un-impeachable character of herself and companions was well known to me, I could not stand his repeated insuits longer, and struck him, with my list, in the face. The bow was a gancing one and only staggered him. He sprang backward and dragged a chair between us, reaching towards his hip pocket. As I understood that the mad had a reputation as a guangiter, and being unarmed myseit, I sprang towards him, hoping to reach him before he could draw the revolver. The chair obstructed my passage and gave him time to draw his pisted and level the same at my head. He held it there for a few seconds and then, lowering the muzze until it pointed at my stomach, he stepped from behind the chair and we circled around the room about tea feet apart. I stepped toward him again. I had taken but a step when he began to dance up and down and command me to hold up my hands. I considered his whole game a bluff

and continued to advance in his diand continued to advance in his di-rection. When about five feet from him I saw his finger begin to contract upon the trigger. Realizing that if he intended to shoot at all that he was about to do so, I turned quickly, presenting my left side toward him in the hope that he might miss me entirely or the ball penetrate a less vital spot than he intended. Without

further warning he fired.

I staggered toward the door, which was only a few paces away, and as I did so I am confident that he attempted to shoot me a second time. I managed to pass through the door, closing it between us, and started for the stairs leading to the street, but before I gained the hailway Gill had opened the door and was following the with the revolver pointed at me. I evidently became confused, for all that I recall of events as they occu red before I left the Republican building is that I fell prestrate upon the fl.or of the composing-room and called out for assistance. The boys in the composing-room aid not seem to remoze that I had been shot,

Several minutes clapsed before anyone come to my a.d. A back was called and I was taken to the Advertiser office, from which place I was taken to the Queen's Hospital and was treated by Dr. Wayson,

he inquired, addressing the station clerk. That functionary pointed to Lieutenant Pohaku.

"Are you the officer of the watch?" "Yes."

'I wish to surrender myself."
'What for?" inquired the Lieuten-For accidentally shooting a man,"

searched. His letters, watch and other pocket trinkets were turned over to the reporter who had accompanied him. He asked if he could not sit the Sheriff's office until some of friends arrived. He was told that un-"BEWARE! SHE'S FOOLING THEE." til the Sherin came to the station he would have to go below to a ceil. He it looks like a mighty mean thing to was taken below, and shortly afterhigh Sheriff Brown ward paned by Chester Doyle, put in an ap-pearance. The High Sheriff consuited with Gill and then had him placed in cell 6, with the statement that he would remain there used the condition of Mr. Stevens was ascertained. Gill refused to make any statement until he had consulted with an attor-ney. At 19:30 Manager Johnson of the Republican came to the station and ball was fixed at \$1000. Johnson gave the Grieve Company's check for that amount and Gill was liberated.

and the trigger rested upon a second cartridge, which had falled to explode, R. C. Hawlings had an altercation with Gill yesterday morning over the oub ration of the articles objected to

C. Rawlings, who first resented the publication of the article above given, called at the Advertiser office last night on learning of the shooting and distated the following statement:

"The articles published in the Republican this morning were shown to me by a friend. Being a cousin of one of the ladic, and all five of them being under my charge, and all having come to Hanolica at my invitation, I immediately went to the Republican office and asked for the editor. I was ushered into Mr. Ghr's room and I asked him if he was He replied that he was

. You write all the editoria's? he did. I said, 'You father and stand good for the articles published in the paner? He somered, 'Yes.' Then I showed him the articles and called his attention to them. I taid him of the reshowed him the articles and called a there young in which I stood to these young adder, adding that as they were under my charge and protection, I demanded to heave to for an hour or my charge and protection, I demanded to heave to for an hour or my charge and protection, I demanded to heave to for an hour or brother of the groom. The wedding was compalled to heave to for an hour or brother of the groom. The wedding was the next issue. He laughingly said he are detailed built the afferman trains for Walalua and will return tomorrow to spend their morely a good loke. I accorded source that the second of having blown out the laughing and the protect of a muchical plane.

Against a flavor of the matter and the sounder and the protect of the matter under consideration of the matter of the matter of the matter under consideration of the matter of the matter

Two Bottles Make a Complete Cure.

Perhaps your rheumatism is not bad enough to confine you to the bed; yet your muscles and bones ache every time a storm approaches, making you generally miserall. We can bring you oaltive and prompt relief.

Mrs. Isabella Menzies, of Gisborne,

New Zealand, sends this letter and her



# AYER'S Sarsaparilla

I was not disappointed, for after taking only two bottles the rheumatism all left me and I was cured. I want to do everything I can to make known what a wonderful medicine your Sarsaparilla is for those suffering the severe pains of rheumatism."

To make a quick cure, take Ayer's Pills with the Sarsaparilla. They make the liver active, cure biliousness and constipation.

Prepared by Dr. J. C Ayer Co., Lowell, Mans., U. S. A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

'Oh,' he answered, 'I will not decide it that quickly, I propose to take my time.' 'Excuse me,' I answered, 'you win take my time, and I give you just two minutes in which to agree to apologize. 'In that case,' he answered, 'I tefuse to consider it at all,' at the same time reaching after a pair of shears about fitteen inches long which he grasped in his right hand. With this I slapped him in the face, at the same time grasping his right wrist as he torust at hic wood the shears. I next grasped him by the throat, when his cries to help brought in two of his force, who grappled with me, and in the meles I took the shears away from him. by this time his aids had broken my grasp apon him and he ran across the hall into the composing room, where i attempted to follow him but was stopped in the hardway and was threatened by one of the employes with a metal bar, which he raised to strike

He is a football player, a high diver, a crack cyclist, a remarkable broad jumper, a wrestler and also a hurdler. He plays the mandolin, the banjo and the cornet. He has spent nearly three years traveling through the Alaskan gold regions and he has toured many of the States. He was for some time of the States. He was for some time on the editorial staff of the St. Louis Republic and then on the staff of the Chicago Times-Herald. He is special correspondent in Hawaii for both of these great papers. He was managing editor of the Cycling Life at Chicago, these great papers. He was managing editor of the Cycling Life at Chicago, and city editor of a daily paper at Joliet, Ill. He was editor and founder of the first daily paper ever published in Alaska, the Daily Searchlight, which he established at Skaguay in the he established at Skaguay in the spring of 1898.

the University of Michigan, where he received his degree in 1892. He is a received his degree in 1892. He is a be admitted, both native and foreign. The present expense for the nurse is Fraternity of Beta Theta Pi, and a \$40 per month. The McBryde plantamember of the big Chicago Athletic Club. Its own shortly at Wahiawa. The Ko-

### Booked for the Coast.

The following people are booked for passage to San Francisco on the Oceanic steamship Mariposa, sailing on Wednesday next, the 13th Instant. Rev. Hamilton Lee, Edward Brown and wife; E. Kahn, wife and daughter; Dr. D. C. Sharman, wife and child. and wife; E. Kahn, wife and daughter; Dr. D. C. Sharman, wife and child; Miss A. R. Lenegan, Miss Hannah Anderson Mrs. J. H. Craig and two children, A. M. Harrison and wife, B. W. Ripley and wife, R. C. Rawlings, Miss Cosby, Mrs. Chanselor, Miss Briggs, Miss Meade, Miss Schwartz, E. Kensaily, T. J. Pierce and wife, W. J. Holaran and daughter, C. F. Herrick, wife and son; H. V. Reeves, Mrs. W. A. Hardy, Mr. Dorward, wife and child; J. H. Payne, W. A. Ramsdall, Mr. Sweeney, W. H. Abbett, C. F. Solon, E. O. von Arnim, J. E. Miller, L. R. Crawford, Mrs. Augustine, Theodore Holhausen and wife, and E. B. Beard.

### Fearless the First Outside

the morning the steamer Early is the morning the steamer James Makes arrived from Kaual. She broasht a full load of sugar and reported a very reach trip to port. The Makes left Honolulu with the Mikabala on Manday afternoon for Kaual. She had a rough trip ever and was at the residence of L. F. Prescott, compalled to heave to for an hour or brother of the groom. The wedding was

## Rheumatism THE DEATH RATE FOR JANUARY

One hundred and twelve people died in flonelulu last month. Of this number 48 were females and 46 Hawaiians. Sixteen were Chinese, 23 Japanese, 13 Portuguese, 4 Britishers, 5 Americans

Portuguese, 4 Britishers, 5 Americans and 5 of other nationalities, In' the First ward 23 died, in the Second 19, Third 25, Fourth 12, and Fifth 33.

The death rate for the month was 2.85 per thousand, There were 35 marriages and 29 births reported. Seven persons perished from accident and violence, 2 being crushed by vehicles, 3 committing suicide by poison, hanging and pistol, 1 being accidentally poisoned and another dying from inpoisoned and another dying from in

Sixteen consumptives passed away during the month.

during the month.
Other fatal diseases and their number of victims were: Typhoid fever 2, cholera morbus 1, diarrhoen 1, dysentery 3, congenital syphilis 2, puerperal septicemia 1, septicemia 2, mainutrition 1, cancer of stomach 1, cyanosis 2, premature births 4, spina bifida 4, apoplexy 1, congestion of brain 5, hemipeigia 1, convulsions 4, paralysis 1, tetanus 4, beriberi 1, endocarditis 2, valvular heart disease 5, pericarditis 1, bronchitis 1, empyema 2, pneumonta 19, grip 1, gastritis 2, gastro-enteritis 4, herula 1, inflammation of intestines 6. hernia 1. inflammation of intestines 6, obstruction of intestines 1. enterocolitis, abscess of liver 2, cirrhosis of liver 1, acute nephrutis 1, Bright's disease 2. miscarriage 1, puerperal hem-orrhage 2.

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

Sheriff Andrews has been appointed by Marshal Ray to be deputy marshal of Hawaii.

A serviceable ambulance will be shipped by the steamer Claudine for use at the Walluku hospital,

Miss Haskins, the well-known photographer, has gone to the Coast on account of the illness of her mother. W. H. Marshall will complete his six months' sentence for libel on April 13 and will once more be a free man.

The high wind yesterday blew down several hundred feet of the flume of he Ewa plantation, causing considerable damage.

A daughter was born on Tuesday to the wife of F. Wm. Thrum. The day was also the birthday anniversary of another chief of the couple.

According to Manager Grant of the Automobile Company their vehicles will be running on the streets of this City by the middle of March.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Ripley of Chicago, guests of the Hawaiian-Ho-tel, have been forced to postpone their intended trip to the Voicano on ac-count of the weather. Charles Sawyer, the contractor of the new hotel at Walaiua, reports that

the roof is being put on, and that Manager David will hold a house-warming on the opening night, ran-ning a special train from town to convey the guests.

Steams Buck, formerly manager of the Hawaiian Siectric Company's works, on Alakea street, has accepted a position with the new automobile company, and will have charge of the electric plant and the charging of the batteries for the vehicles. The Hawaiian Electric Co.,

has recently installed for the Oahu Raliway and Land Co, the complete electrical equipment, with Westinghouse motors, for the sugar-handling apparatus now in operation in its new warehouses on the railroad docks. Westinghouse apparatus is fast taking the lead in the Islands, having set Westinghouse apparatus is fast taking the lead in the Islands, having secured the contracts for the complete electrical equipments for the Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Co. Pacific Heights Railway, the new Hilo Electric Co. plant, the additional apparatus for the Hawalian Electric Co., Ltd., and a number of small lighting plants for plantations.

Dr. Goodhue of Kauai has sent a request to the Board of Health for an arrangement whereby the public hos-

e established at Skaguay in the pring of 1898.
Stevens is a Bachelor of Arts from the University of Michigan, where he University of Michigan, where he tion will probably erect a hospital of its own shortly at Wahiawa. The Ko-loa plantation may make use of the new hospital for its sick.

The expense of burying paupers in Ionolulu is increasing. Dr. Pratt, Honolulu is increasing. Dr. Pratt, executive officer of the Board of Health, reported yesterday that \$117.50 was expended during the month of January to bury the City's poor and that the matter was becoming serious from a financial point of view for the Board. He said the dead came mostly from the Victoria Hospital. The money for this purpose was taken from the general expense fund and there was but \$600 of this left until the Legislature made its new appropriations. This is sufficient for ing paupers for the next sixty days and leaves a balance besides. Dr. Pratt said he knew the dead already buried by the Board were paupers, as he had investigated each case and found in rest. found in most cases they were friendless people.

Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth was gladly welcomed back at the police station yesterday after a severe lit-ness which confined him to his resiness which confined him to his read-dence for more than a week past. He suffered from an attack of grip and was threatened with pneumoria, his temperature at one time being as Although the Kinau was the first of the Island steamers to depart hence yesterday, the tug Fearless was the first boat to go outside of the harbor after the storm had abated. She went outside just to take a look around, to dump some ashes and to report on the condition of the sea outside for the hencefit of the harbor in general.

Captain Brokaw took the Fearless and the first thing in the morning and reported, on his return, that, although the weather was still very naity, it would not be dangerous for verseis to yesture outside. for regular duty in a few days.